

**THIRD TERM E-LEARNING NOTE**

**SUBJECT: CIVIC EDUCATION**

**CLASS: JSS 2**

**SCHEME OF WORK**

<b>WEEK</b>	<b>TOPIC</b>
1	Elections and Voters' Responsibilities.
2	Elections and Voters' Responsibilities.
3	Qualification for Registration for Election in Nigeria.
4	Qualification for Registration for Election in Nigeria.
5	Electoral Malpractices.
6	Electoral Malpractices.
7	Illiteracy.
8	Revision of First Term work.
9	Revision of Second Term work.
10	Revision of Third Term work.
11	Examination.

**WEEK ONE AND TWO**

**TOPIC: ELECTIONS AND VOTERS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

**CONTENT**

- Concept of Elections.
- Concept of a Voter.
- Types of Elections.

**CONCEPT OF ELECTION**

An election can be defined as an act or process of voting for a candidate to represent the people of a country in the various arms of government. It also means that a process citizens of a country make political choices by voting for competing candidates or parties. In essence, the concept of election implies that the voters have alternatives and can choose among a number of proposals designed to settle an issue of public concerns.

**EVALUATION**

What is an election?

**CONCEPT OF A VOTER**

A voter is a person who is eligible to participate in voting. Voters are referred to as the electorates. Voting, on the other hand, is a process of expressing one's choice of a candidate in an election.

**EVALUATION**

Who is a voter?

**TYPES OF ELECTIONS**

The types of election include:

1. **Direct Election:** This is the process by which voters vote directly to elect their representatives for public office.

**ADVANTAGES OF DIRECT ELECTION**

- i. It is highly democratic.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

- ii. It is simple to practice.
  - iii. It promotes democracy.
  - iv. It engenders equality of voters.
2. **Indirect Elections:** This is a system whereby eligible voters select representatives who would make the final selection of leaders on their behalf. This involves the use of Electoral College.

**ADVANTAGES OF INDIRECT ELECTION**

- i. It is very cheap.
- ii. It reduces electoral malpractice.
- iii. It enhances quality of law made.
- iv. It reduces political violence.

**EVALUATION**

Mention two advantages of direct election.

3. **Electoral College:** This is a body of elected representatives who assist in electing other political or public officers.

**ADVANTAGES OF ELECTORAL COLLEGE**

- i. It is less expensive.
- ii. It produces winners easily.
- iii. It makes voting very short and easy.

4. **By-Election:** This is an election that is...