

SCHEME OF WORK

WEEK 1 REVISION OF LAST TERM WORK

WEEK 2 OUR VALUES

WEEK 3 MEANING OF JUSTICE AND SELFLESSNESS

WEEK 4 COMMUNITY SERVICE

WEEK 5& 6 EMERGING ISSUES (HIV/AIDS)

WEEK 7 MID-TERM TEST

WEEK 8 YOUTH EMPOWERMENT AND CITIZENSHIP

WEEK 9 RIGHTS OF INDIVIDUALS

WEEK 10 FUNCTIONS OF GOVERNMENT

WEEK 11 REVISION

WEEK 12 EXAMINATION

WEEK 2

OUR VALUES

MEANING OF VALUES

Any of these definitions can serve.

- ❖ Values are things that are important to us
- ❖ Values are things we love, admire or cherish
- ❖ Values are ideas and beliefs we hold as special
- ❖ Values are traits or qualities that are considered good.
- ❖ Values are the motive power behind purposeful actions

Values are the ends to which we act. Without them, life would be impossible. Value specifies a relationship between a person and a goal. The goal to which one aims is called the 'value' but the relationship is always required. Your values are made of everything that has happened to your life. They include influences from your parents and family, your religious affiliation your friends and playmates, your education, your reading etc.

TYPES OF VALUE

Everything has a price and one has to pay the right price to get one's need satisfied. We value the things based on our needs and the needs depend on the basis of our value system.

According to Awdhesh K. Singh, human values can be divided into six groups.

- a. Individualistic Values: - every human being values himself or herself over everything in the world. The modern world has been moving more and more towards individualistic values where the interest of the individual is considered to be right and must be protected. Everybody supports freedom because he or she has the right to decide what is good for himself or herself.

Examples of individualistic values are adoration, affection, beauty, brilliance, cleanliness, freedom, fun, honesty, discipline, eagerness, enjoyment, contentment, respect, self-control, etc.

- b. Family values: - Every child cannot survive on his own. The support of the family is needed for the growth of the child. Every member of the family lives like a unit and supports a new born child till he becomes strong enough. The family is considered as the basic unit of every society. The entire family value is maintained by custom, tradition and trust. Examples of family values are wealth, wisdom, unity, fame, neatness, respect, meekness etc.

- c. Professional Values: - In the government...